

Progression in Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation			
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Word	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of adjectives to describe. • Capital letter for start of name and for 'I'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular plural noun suffixes -s or -es. • Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words. • How the prefix un-changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Formation of nouns using suffixes such as -ness, -er and by compounding. • Formation of adjectives using suffixes such as -ful & -less. • Use of the suffixes -er and -est in adjectives and the use of -ly to turn adjectives into adverbs.
Sentence	<p>Introduce:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple sentences. • Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. • Use of conjunction and. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How words can combine to make sentences. • Joining words and joining clauses using and. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subordination using when, if, that, because. • Coordination using or, and, but. • Expanded noun phrases for description and specification. • Different forms of sentences statement, question, exclamation and command.
Text	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sequencing sentences to form short narratives. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Correct choice and consistent use of present tense and past tense throughout writing. • Use of the progressive form of verbs in the

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writes own name 		<p>present and past tense to mark actions in progress.</p>
Punctuation	<p>Introduce:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finger spaces • Full stops • Capital letters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Separation of words with spaces. • Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences. • Capital letters for names and for the personal pronoun I. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences. • Commas to separate items in a list. • Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns.
Terminology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finger spaces • Letter • Word • Sentence • Full stops • Capital letters • Adjective 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter • Capital letters • Word singular & plural • Sentence • Punctuation • Full stop • Question mark • Exclamation mark. • Adjective • Verb • Suffix • Prefix 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Noun • Noun phrase • Statement • Question • Exclamation • Command • Conjunction • Suffix • Adjective • Adverb • Verb • Tense past and present • Apostrophe • Comma • Contraction